

## CHAPTER 22

### HISTORIC RESOURCES

#### INTRODUCTION

The collection of resources used to compile information on the history of the region include: Amity Township 2001 Parks, Recreation and Open Space Plan; articles and photographs from the "Reading Weekly Eagle"; St. Lawrence 1965 Comprehensive Plan Part Two: Development Proposals; National Register Listed & Eligible Properties (Pennsylvania Historical Museum Commission, Bureau for Historic Preservation); Exeter Township Comprehensive Plan Part One: Development Patterns (1965); Amity Township 1990 Comprehensive Plan; Exeter...the forgotten corner 225<sup>th</sup> Anniversary (collection of historic articles and accounts); and Amity First in Berks 250<sup>th</sup> Anniversary 1719-1969 (collection of historic articles and accounts)..

#### EXETER TOWNSHIP

One of the first European settlements in Berks County was made in the rich Oley Valley in the early 1700's because of the good soils, plentiful streams, and abundance of lumber. Most of these early settlers in the area were French Huguenots, Germans and English. In 1741, when the boundaries of Oley Township were established, it was discovered that over 50 families had been excluded. Many of these families grouped together and petitioned that they be able to establish their own Township. On December 7, 1741, this petition was approved, and the Township of Exeter was established.

Several famous people were born or had a homestead in the Township. There were several Boone families, however, the most well known Boone was Daniel Boone. Daniel Boone was born in the Township in 1734 and later became a famous pioneer. His homestead is now the property of the State.

Exeter is also the home of Abraham Lincoln's great-great-grandfather, Mordecai Lincoln. He had a homestead built in 1733, which is still standing on Heister's Creek.

The Manatawny section of Berks County, in which Exeter is located, was for many years active in iron production, but in the last half of the 19<sup>th</sup> century this industry died out almost completely. The change can be attributed to the trend in the late 1800's to localize iron industries at relatively few points near the source of raw materials.

Education and religion were closely connected in early Berks County history. A Quaker Meeting House was built in Exeter in 1725, but the denominations most prevalent were the Lutheran and Reformed churches, established by the Germans. The two German religions were very similar; in many cases a community built one church building which

both shared. These were called Union Churches. In Exeter, the Schwartzwald's Union Church was built 1747, and the Baumstown, Lorane, St. Lawrence and Stonersville Chapels were located in Stonetown, Neversink and Reiffon, respectively.

The German churches were supporters of education, which is why most of the original church schools were taught using the German language. They were semi-private schools; each pupil was required to pay a few cents per day tuition. This system continued long after the 1834 Common School Law was passed. However, because Exeter had a larger Friends population than many of the other Berks County communities, it was one of the first to establish English schools.



After 1900, Exeter's population has steadily increased. Between 1900 and 1960 the population increased from 2,503 to 8,488 persons. This growth can be attributed to suburban growth from Reading rather than local industries or agriculture. Reiffon, one of the first suburban communities, was developed shortly before and after the first World War. The town was named for the Reiff family, prominent in Berks County at the time. Suburban growth was at first limited to public transportation; however, the use of the automobile changed that trend. Its use for commuting purposes has led to further residential development. In 1927 the borough of St. Lawrence was incorporated from the western section of Exeter.

The village of Lorane was first established on land first purchased in 1835 by Isaac Kass from the Lincolns, who in those days owned a large portion of the Township. Seidel's Forge, a well-known landmark in the area, and was first owned and operated by H.C. Seidel, of Gibraltar, in 1870.






In the early days of the P. & R. Railway, patrons could board a train to go to Reading or Birdsboro, and in 1860 the railroad company built a station. The station was first known as Exeter Station. Petitions began to circulate proposing to change the name on account of a place in Luzerne County by the name of Exeter. Freight and mail were often sent to the wrong place. In 1900 both the post office and the railroad station was changed to Lorane, after Alsace-Lorraine in Europe, from which section a number of Exeter's early settlers came.

There were many successful industries that helped to shape the growth in the area. These included: Washington Kissinger's store, hotel in 1860, and first distillery; H.B. Levan opened a creamery in 1881, and a grove for a picnic area in 1892; James Toole operated a broom factory; in 1883 Henry Graeff built a dwelling and large poultry plant on Neversink street; in 1892, John H. Close and A.H. Kretz (operated by the name of Kretz & Close) built a distillery and a warehouse No. 1 having a capacity of 12,000 barrels, and in 1893, warehouse No. 2 having a capacity of 25,000 barrels (in 1894 the name was changed to Neversink Distilling Co., Ltd).

**Pennsylvania Historic Museum Commission:**  
**Bureau for Historic Preservation**  
*National Register Listed Properties*  
*Exeter Township, Berks County*

| Historic Resource Site   | Listed | Status Date | Address                   | Historic Importance  |
|--|--------|-------------|---------------------------|--|
|  <p data-bbox="305 539 430 716">Daniel Boone Homestead Site &amp; Bertolet Cabin</p> | Listed | 03/24/1972  | 2 mile North of Birdsboro | Famous pioneer and hunter Daniel Boone's homestead. Daniel Boone pioneered from Berks County to Missouri |
|  <p data-bbox="332 785 414 871">John Bishop House</p>                                | Listed | 06/27/1985  | L.R. 06110 & T-434        | Georgian Style single dwelling home; played a significant role in Commerce                               |

**Pennsylvania Historic Museum Commission:  
Bureau for Historic Preservation  
National Register Listed Properties  
Exeter Township, Berks County Continued...**

| Historic Resource Site  | Listed | Status Date | Address  | Historic Importance   |
|---|--------|-------------|--|---|
|  Boonecroft             | Listed | 07/26/1982  | Oley Line Road.<br>On (T-465)  | George Boone Log house site; Erected 1720; Father of Daniel Boone the-Kentucky Pioneer-this Colonial Stone house built 1733.  |
|  Mordacai Lincoln House | Listed | 11/30/1988  | Lincoln Rd.  | This House is a rare example of a stone settler's cabin as a primitive stone dwelling of the settlement period. One of the oldest houses in Berks County (built in 1733).   |
|  Mill Tract Farm       | Listed | 09/22/1977  | <br>Mill Rd. T-461, South of Limekiln Rd., Northeast Corner of Stonerville | This is an excellent example of an 18 <sup>th</sup> cn. farm-mill complex. The great majority of the buildings date from the mid or late 18 <sup>th</sup> cn. with a gristmill built in 1728; the Georgian section of the farmhouse was built by his son James who was uncle of Daniel Boone and remained in the Boone family until 1790. |
|  Snyder Mill          | Listed | 11/08/1990  | Oley Line Rd. at Monocacy Circle.  | This mill is significant for its association with the county grist milling industry as it is representative of eighteen century custom mills  |

**Pennsylvania Historic Museum Commission:  
Bureau for Historic Preservation  
National Register Eligible Properties  
Exeter Township, Berks County**

| Historic Resource Site      | Eligible | Status Date | Address/ Location                       |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------------|---|
| Bishop-Tyson House          | Eligible | 06/14/1989  | Rte. 422, Opposite Reading Country Club |
| Oley Line Hotel             | Eligible | 07/07/2000  | 800 Limekiln Rd.                        |
| Exeter Friends Meetinghouse | Eligible | 04/14/1982  | Boone Rd. T-465                         |

**Historical Marker's  
PHMC Historical Marker Program**

**Marker Name:** Daniel Boone  
**County:** Berks  
**Date Dedicated:** 1957  
**Marker Type:** Roadside  
**Location:** US 422, 2 miles SE of Baumstown  
**Category:** Misc.

**Marker Text:** Greatest of American pioneers and wilderness scouts. Born on Nov. 2, 1734. Spent the first 16 years of his life on the Boone Homestead three miles to the north. This property is a State historical shrine and is dedicated to American youth.

**Marker Name:** Daniel Boone  
**County:** Berks  
**Date Dedicated:** 1947/4/1  
**Marker Type:** Roadside  
**Location:** US 422 westbound at SR 2041 just E of Baumstown; US 422 eastbound at Baumstown Union Sunday School  
**Category:** Misc.

**Marker Text:** Greatest American pioneer and wilderness scout. Born Nov. 2, 1734. Spent the first 16 years of his life on the Boone Homestead a few miles north. Now a State historical shrine dedicated to American youth.

**Marker Name:** Daniel Boone Homestead  
**County:** Berks  
**Date Dedicated:** 1948  
**Marker Type:** Roadside  
**Location:** SR 2041 N of Baumstown  
**Category:** Misc.

**Marker Text:** Here on Nov. 2, 1734, Daniel Boone was born and lived until 1750.

**Marker Name:** Exeter Friends Meeting  
**County:** Berks  
**Date Dedicated:** 1979/5/7  
**Marker Type:** Roadside  
**Location:** Meetinghouse Road, .5 mile S of PA 562 & 2 mile W of Yellow House  
**Category:** Religious

**Marker Text:** Established 1725 as Oley; name changed to Exeter, 1742. Present stone meeting house built 1759 near site of two previous log structures. Buried here are members of the Boone, Ellis, Hughes, Lee, and Lincoln families. Meetings discontinued 1899; building reopened for worship in 1949.

**Marker Name:** Hopewell Village  
**County:** Berks  
**Date Dedicated:** 1947/3/29  
**Marker Type:** Roadside  
**Location:** US 422 east & westbound at PA 82, Baumstown  
**Category:** Business & Industry

**Marker Text:** Hopewell Forge, 1744, and Furnace, 1770, were seven miles south. The furnace and the remains of an ironmaking community of the era are administered by the National Park Service, with recreation areas.

**Marker Name:** Lincoln Homestead  
**County:** Berks  
**Date Dedicated:** 1947/3/29  
**Marker Type:** Roadside  
**Location:** US 422 at twp. Road E of Mount Penn  
**Category:**

**Marker Text:** Abraham Lincoln once wrote, "My ancestors were Quakers from Berks County, Pennsylvania." The stone house built in 1733 by his great-great grandfather is just south of here. It is still standing.

## ST. LAWRENCE BOROUGH



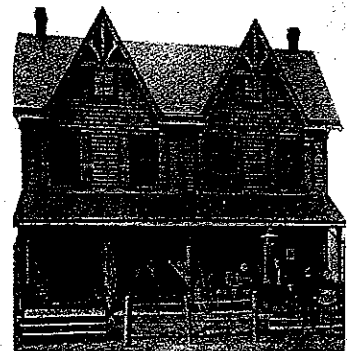
Black Bear Inn, Rte. 42 2(Perkiomen Ave.) and Oley Turnpike Rd, in St. Lawrence/Exeter (established in the late 1700's); one of the best -known hotels in the county, rebuilt by F.P. Esterly in the late 1880's. This was made famous when the Thomas Edison film Company made a motion picture around "Black Bear Hill". The movie stars made the Inn their headquarters. In addition to a huge dance hall, it once had a picnic grove and a small zoo. During the late 1930's, it was a night club that featured the likes of Jackie Gleason

According to Mr. Elmer H. Adams's historical collections and accounts, written in August, 1994, St. Lawrence was a small village, first called "Esterly" (named after a predominant land owner), which straddles the 1870 Oley Turnpike Road.

Bordered by forest, field and stream, it was a self-sustaining village of tightly-knit families. Here stores like the Charles H. Adams' General Store, located next to the 1898 two-story, four room, brick schoolhouse, thrived because, prior to the automobile, the only available public transportation to the City of Reading was by the Reading to Birdsboro trolley line boarded at the Black Bear Inn, or by the Reading to Boyertown trolley of the Oley Valley Railway Company. The daily social life of the village revolved around the centrally located combination of schoolhouse and store.

St. Lawrence differed from neighboring villages because of the employment opportunities and the scope of personal services offered. St. Lawrence began around the location of the largest employers, which were the two woolen mills (the A.J. Brumbach Woolen Mill and the Esterly Woolen Mill), both established well before 1900. They were followed by the St. Lawrence Dairy, founded in 1888, which also employed many, the John F. Lutz Furniture and Undertaking business, founded 1884, and maintained a steady work force. The Behm Butcher Shop and the Adams Store employed local help as well, and all these companies had their employees located near their jobs. In the village, one could find the services of a family doctor, a veterinarian, a painter, a cabinetmaker, a plumber, and carpenters. A shoe repairman and a blacksmith were nearby at Jacksonwald.


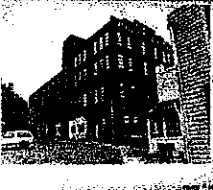
From these beginnings followed the residential development of St. Lawrence. By the middle of 1890's, after the success of a popular brand of woolen goods manufactured at the mill, known as "St. Lawrence" woolens, villagers petitioned for a post office to be named "St. Lawrence." However, since there was an existing Post Office named "St. Lawrence" in Pennsylvania, the name "Esterly"



Charles H. Adams' General Merchandise store, 3550 Lawrence Ave. (Rte. 562), St. Lawrence Borough as it appeared in 1910. Erected in 1900 by William H. Adams

was assigned. St. Lawrence was incorporated as a borough in 1927, being separated from Exeter Township. In this manner, necessary improvements could be provided, including recreational facilities through acquisition of vacant land when the Oley Valley Railway Company discontinued service.

**Pennsylvania Historic Museum Commission:  
Bureau for Historic Preservation  
National Register Listed Properties  
St. Lawrence Borough, Berks County**

| Historic Resource Site   | Listed | Status Date | Address                                  | Historic Importance   |
|--|--------|-------------|--|---|
|  <p style="text-align: center;">LeVan Farm</p>                                     | Listed | 12/19/1978  | Pa 562                                   | The LeVan Family was an old French family who has owned this land for 246. The collection of farm structures helps to make the LeVan farm a good example of a working, self-sufficient farm; built 1837.  |
|  <p style="text-align: center;">John F. Lutz<br/>Furniture Co. &amp; Funerary</p> | Listed | 02/16/1996  | 3559 and<br>3561 St.<br>Lawrence<br>Ave. | This property contains three contributing 19 <sup>th</sup> century resources: a combination house/shop, a warehouse/showroom, and a carriage house. It contains three buildings tightly arranged on a T-shaped, hillside lot. Historic functions: Domestic, single family dwelling; Industry/Manufacturing; Commerce/Trade; Specialty Store; Funerary |

**AMITY TOWNSHIP**

Amity Township is the oldest incorporated Township in Berks County. The oldest structure, the Mouns Jones House is located in the Township. St. Gabriel's Church was the first congregation to be organized in Berks County.

The location of the Township influenced its history and development in various respects. Its location along the Schuylkill River made access possible, by both water and roads, to the eastern portion of William Penn's new colony. The accessibility to a great extent explains the settling of various nationalities in Amity Township.

The Swedes were the first people to settle within the present boundaries of Amity Township. In 1701 William Penn granted land for the settlement, known as the "Swedes Tract". This settlement, at Douglassville, called Morlatton by the early inhabitants of the region, is unique in the history of the County. It was not an extension of the frontier, cabin by cabin, as was the case in much of the westward movement in our Country. This






settlement was made by a group of Swedish people who had formerly resided along the Delaware River. A young Swedish pastor, Reverend Andrew Rudman, was the leader of this band of settlers. William Penn offered this tract to the Reverend.

By 1719, the settlement had progressed to the point that a need for the establishment of a local government was felt. According to the application that was presented to the court in Philadelphia, a request to form a Township to be called "Amity," from the Swedes Tract, which had an area of 10,500 areas, was officially presented. There was an actively functioning government in Amity Township during the period between its incorporation in 1719 and the validation of this action by the Court of Philadelphia County. Furthermore, the new municipality of Amity was recognized by the inhabitants of surrounding areas and by the officials of Philadelphia County. In addition to the Swedes, the English, Irish and Germans migrated into Amity Township. The fertility of the soils made Amity an attractive place for settlement. The population of Amity Township increased steadily during the eighteenth century.





### **HISTORIC SITES**

There are many visible reminders in Amity of the Township's rich history. Homes of historic vintage, Pennsylvania Dutch bank barns, old churches and other structures are living evidence of Amity's formative social, agricultural and commercial development. The National Register of Historic Places includes five structures located in Amity Township and six eligible properties. Below are the tables that identify these resources.

**Pennsylvania Historic Museum Commission: Bureau for Historic Preservation**  
**National Register Listed Properties**  
**Amity Township, Berks County**

| Historic Resource Site   | Listed | Status Date | Address   | Historic Importance  |
|--|--------|-------------|---|--|
| <br>Griesemer/Brown Mill Complex      | Listed | 11/08/1990  | <br>Browns Mill Rd. T-465,<br>2250ft. West of<br>Limekiln Rd. | This complex is important for its association with the county gristmill industry, as it is representative of a pattern of mills that were part of family farms. Architecturally, this mill is a good representative of a country custom mill of the mid 19 <sup>th</sup> century.  |
| <br>Old Swede's/<br>Mouns Jones House | Listed | 01/21/1974  | Old Philadelphia Pike   | Small 2-½ story, stone house built in 1716 by one of the early settlers and is the oldest surviving house in Berks County. Mouns Jones, who, in 1701, along with fourteen other Swedes, took up 10,000 acres in what is now Amity Township, built the house. Mouns Jones had an excellent rapport with the local Indians and would serve as an agent from them in their dealings with the provincial government. |

**Pennsylvania Historic Museum Commission: Bureau for Historic Preservation**  
**National Register Listed Properties**  
**Amity Township, Berks County Continued...**

|  |                                      |        |            |   |  |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------|------------|---|--|
|    | Old Saint Gabriel's Episcopal Church | Listed | 03/08/1978 | Intersection of Rte. 422 & L.R. 06180   | In 1801, Old St. Gabriel's was built to accommodate a parish that is believed to have been the first church in the county. The founding of St. Gabriel's was in 1720 in the first log church.  |
|    | Weidner Mill                         | Listed | 11/08/1990 | <br>Blacksmith Rd. at Manatawny | Built in 1885, Two hundred years ago the waterpower at this site was first developed and as a result the resources on this property have been associated with milling in Berks County for Two centuries. Architecturally, this mill is a fine example of Berks County Victorian Style mill architecture. |
|  | White Horse Tavern                   | Listed | 04/21/1975 | 509 Old Philadelphia Pk.  | 2-1/2 story red sandstone structure in the Georgina style, originally constructed in 1765 located in present day Douglassville. This was the first permanent settlement within the bounds of what is now Berks County. It was a mustering and training site for Revolutionary War soldiers.              |

**Pennsylvania Historic Museum Commission: Bureau for Historic Preservation**  
**National Eligible Listed Properties**  
**Amity Township, Berks County**

| <i>Eligible Historic Resource Site</i> | <b>Status Date</b> | <b>Address</b>  |
|--|--------------------|---|
| Ben Franklin Inn                       | 05/26/1992         | Rte. 422 at Monocacy Creek Rd.                            |
| George Douglass House                  | 05/18/2000         | Old Philadelphia Pk.                                      |
| Irey Mansion                           | 05/18/1998         | Rte. 422 (North side), 1000ft. West of Old Swede Rd.      |
| Moyer's School                         | 05/08/1990         | Monocracy Creek Rd. L.R. 06179 at Junction with Rte. 422. |
| T.B. Charles Property                  | 05/18/1991         | Junction Rte. 562 & Rte. 662, Southeast Corner            |
| Perkiomen Turnpike Milestone           | 05/08/1990         | North Side of Rte. 422                                    |

**Marker Name:** De Benneville House  
**County:** Berks  
**Date Dedicated:** 1948/12/4  
**Marker Type:** Roadside  
**Location:** PA 622, 1.5 miles N of Yellow House  
**Category:** Religious

**Marker Text:**

**Built 1745 by Dr. George de Benneville, preacher in this area 1743-55, and founder of Universalism in America. He died in Philadelphia in 1793. The house is 2.25 miles away on a side road.**

**Marker Name:** Fisher House

**County:** Berks

**Date Dedicated:** 1948/8/28

**Marker Type:** Roadside

**Location:** PA 622, 1.4 miles N of Yellow House

**Category:** Misc.

**Marker Text:**

**This home, built 1801 by Henry Fisher, is a fine example of late Georgian architecture. Brought from the British Isles, this style is reflected in old homes of eastern and southern Pennsylvania.**



**Exeter, Amity, and St. Lawrence Joint Comprehensive Plan:  
Identification of Historic Resources**

**Exeter Township List of Historic Resources**

| <b>Number</b> | <b>Historic Resource</b>  |
|---------------|---|
| 1             | Hill Mill; Wannor's Mill  |
| 2             | Schofer Sawmill   |
| 3             | Breiner Paper Mill; Rifle Boring  |
| 4             | Moyer Tilt-Hammer; Seidel   |
| 5             | Boyertown Trolley Bridge  |
| 6             | Carsonia Park Area  |
| 7             | Carsonia Inn  |
| 19            | Trolley Bridge  |
| 23            | Bechtel Grist Mill  |
| 24            | Keim Clover Mill & Forge  |
| 25            | Moyer & Yocum Forges; Althouse; Feed Mill; Police Home; Ice House   |
| 26            | Exeter Tilt Hammer  |
| 27            | Troxel Property   |
| 28            | Dam & Race to Bishop Mill   |
| 29            | Bishop Grist Mill; Wamsher's Mill   |
| 30            | Bishop Mansion  |
| 31            | Blacksmith Shop   |
| 32            | Lincoln Sawmill   |
| 33            | Seidel Steam Forge  |
| 34            | #3 Furnace of E & G Brooke Iron Co.   |
| 35            | Limekiln-Toll Gate #2, Oley Turnpike Road; Creamery; Eight-Cornered School; P.O.S. of A. Hall; Snyder General Store; Post Office; Oley Line Hotel |
| 36            | Gehr Fulling Mill   |
| 37            | Snyder Grist Mill   |
| 38            | George Boone, Sr. Log Cabin 1720  |
| 39            | George Boone, Sr. Stone House and Tannery 1733  |
| 40            | Judah Boone Tilt-Hammer Forge 1824  |
| 41            | James Boone Mine  |
| 42            | Moses Boone Wheelwright Shop  |
| 43            | George Boone, Jr. Grist Mill; 1st Mill in Town  |
| 44            | Judah Boone Grist Mill; Bechtel Mill  |
| 45            | James Boone Sawmill   |
| 46            | Friends Meeting House, School and Cemetery  |
| 47            | Christian Link Pottery  |
| 48            | Mahlon Guldin Pottery   |
| 49            | Daniel Boone Homestead  |
| 50            | Toll Gate #1, Oley Turnpike   |
| 51            | Jacksonwald Hotel   |
| 52            | Hans Martin Gerische House 1741   |
| 53            | Schwarzwald Lutheran Church   |
| 54            | Schwarzwald U.C.C. Church; Stone School; Cemetery   |
| 55            | Ritter Tavern   |

### Exeter Township List of Historic Resources Continued

| Number | Historic Resource  |
|--------|--|
| 56     | Capt. Gechter's Washington Hotel; Bertie's Inn                                 |
| 57     | Stonersville Hotel; Post Office  |
| 58     | Stonersville Sunday School   |
| 59     | Pet Cemetery   |
| 60     | Jung-Young Private Cemetery  |
| 61     | Ritter Private Cemetery  |
| 62     | Heckler-Esterly Private Cemetery   |
| 63     | DeTurck Private Cemetery   |
| 64     | Monocacy U.B. Church   |
| 65     | Perkiomen Turnpike Milestone   |
| 66     | Old Baumstown Store; Post Office   |
| 67     | Perkiomen Turnpike Toll House  |
| 68     | Baumstown Sunday School; Former Cemetery                                       |
| 69     | Dr. Baum's Hospital; "Strawberry Mansion"                                      |
| 70     | Perkiomen Turnpike Milestone   |
| 71     | King George Inn; Red Lion Inn  |
| 72     | Exeter Bible Church  |
| 73     | First Baptist Church   |
| 74     | Greater First Baptist Church   |
| 75     | Birdsboro Depot; Covered Bridge  |
| 76     | Mordecai Lincoln House 1733  |
| 77     | Yeich Family Cemetery  |
| 78     | Perkiomen Turnpike Milestone   |
| 79     | Lorane Distillery  |
| 80     | Exeter Station' Lorane Station; Store; Post Office; Hotel                      |
| 81     | Lorane Chapel  |
| 82     | Forest Hills memorial Park   |
| 83     | Klapperthal Pavilion; Neversink mountain Gravity Railroad; Klapperthal Station |
| 84     | Perkiomen Turnpike 1/50 Milestone  |
| 85     | Reformation Lutheran Church  |
| 90     | Fairview Chapel Sunday School  |
| 92     | Jacksonwald Building   |
| 93     | Messerschmidt Private Cemetery   |
| 100    | Baumstown One-Room Brick School  |
| 101    | Fairview One-Room Brick School   |
| 102    | 2nd Fairview Brick School  |
| 103    | Baumstown School; Flag Factory   |
| 104    | Jacksonwald Stone School   |
| 105    | Jacksonwald One-Room Brick School  |
| 106    | Friends One-Room Brick School  |
| 107    | Stonersville One-Room Brick School   |
| 108    | Snydersville Stone School  |
| 109    | Snydersville One-Room Brick School   |
| 110    | Hill One-Room Brick School   |
| 111    | Antietam One-Room Brick School   |
| 113    | Allsort or Neversink One-Room Brick School; Neversink Sunday School            |



### Exeter Township List of Historic Resources Continued

| Number | Historic Resource  |
|--------|--|
| 114    | Neversink 2-Room School; Bully Lyons Restaurant                    |
| 115    | Greentree or Suckertown One-Room Brick School                      |
| 116    | Centre or Stonetown One-Room Brick School; Stonetown Sunday School |
| 117    | Buttertown or Woodville One-Room Brick School                      |
| 118    | Lorane One-Room Brick School                                       |
| 119    | Lorane Elementary School   |
| 120    | Reiffton Elementary School' School Administration Building         |
| 122    | Jacksonwald Elementary School                                      |
| 123    | Exeter Junior High School  |
| 124    | Exeter Senior High School  |
| 125    | Exeter Township Building   |
| 126    | Exeter Ambulance Association                                       |
| 127    | Reiffton Fire Company  |
| 129    | Stonersville Fire Company  |

### St. Lawrence Borough List of Historic Resources

| Number | Historic Resource                                   |
|--------|---|
| 8      | Ideal Camp  |
| 9      | Custer Fulling Mill                                 |
| 10     | Brumbach Woolen Mill                                |
| 11     | Keller Paper Mill                                   |
| 12     | Brumbach Oil Mill                                   |
| 13     | DeHart Hat Factory                                  |
| 14     | Breiner Oil Mill                                    |
| 15     | Johnson Foundry; Griesemer Grist                    |
| 16     | Guldin Carding Mill; Hat Factory                    |
| 17     | LeVan Glue Factory, Ahrens Fertilizer Factory       |
| 18     | Brumbach Woolen Mill; Esterly Woolen Mill           |
| 20     | A.J. Brumbach St. Lawrence Woolen Mill              |
| 21     | P.O.S. of A. Hall & Boarding House                  |
| 22     | LeVan Sawmill & Homestead                           |
| 86     | Black Bear Inn                                      |
| 87     | Lutz Furniture Store                                |
| 88     | St. Lawrence Chapel; Community Hall                 |
| 89     | St. Lawrence Community U.C.C. Church                |
| 91     | Esterly Post Office                                 |
| 112    | Brumbach Stone School and St. Lawrence Brick School |
| 121    | St. Lawrence Elementary School                      |
| 128    | Lausch Elementary School                            |

### Amity Township Historic Resources

| Number | Historic Resource             |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| 130    | Weidner Gristmill             |
| 131    | Griesmer-Brown Mill Complex   |
| 132    | St. Gabriel's Church & Chapel |
| 133    | White Horse Inn               |
| 134    | George Douglass Mansion       |
| 135    | Mouns Jones House             |
| 136    | Covered-Bridge Keeper's House |

